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PRESENTAZIONE DI

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Cell-based food: claims but uncertainty

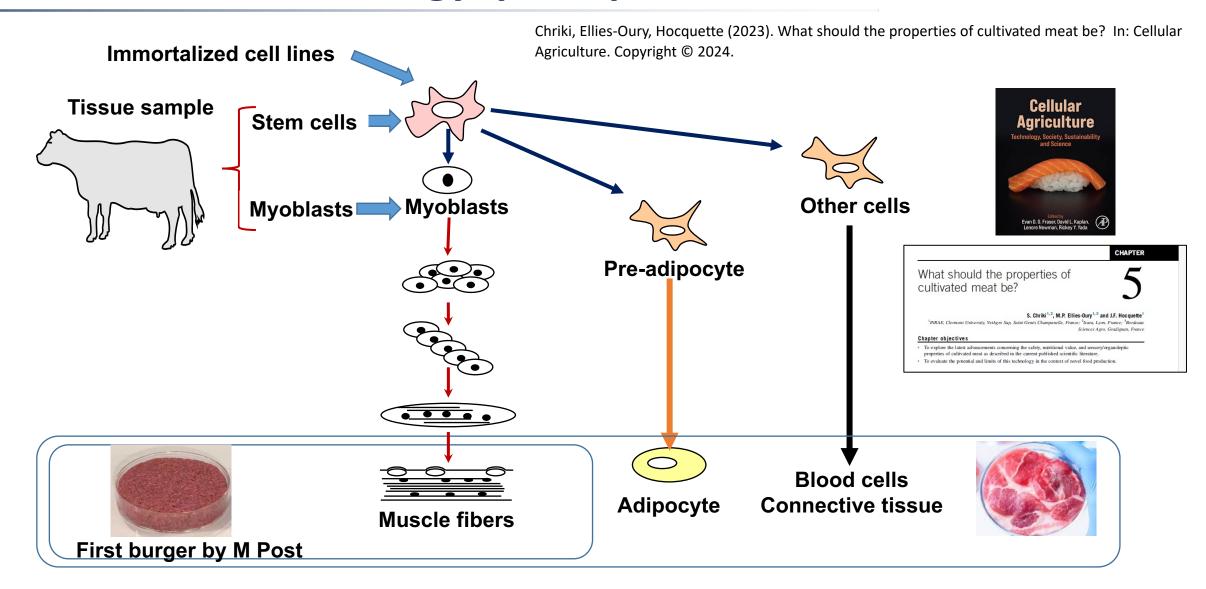
What we know? and what we should know?

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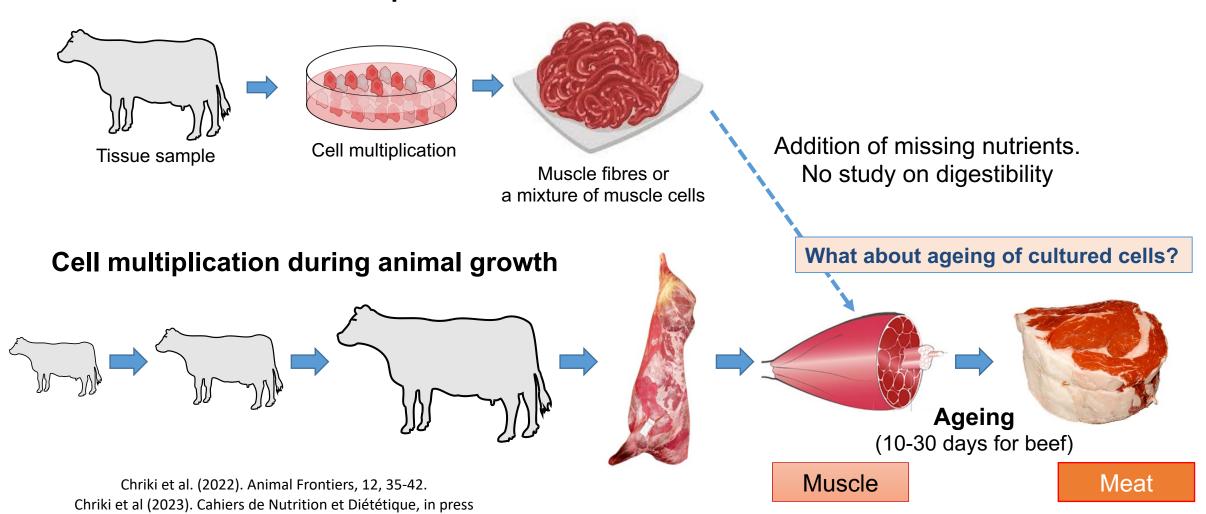
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Status of the technology: principles



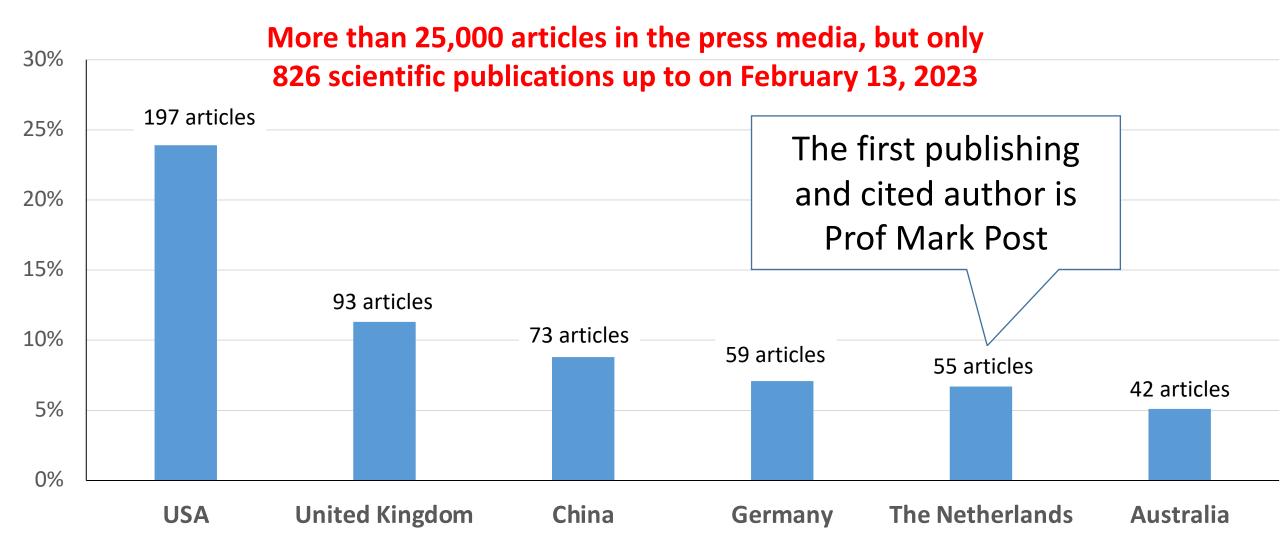
It is not meat on a biological point of view

Cell-based food production



Cell-based food: revolution or hype?

https://www.swissinfo.ch/eng/business/cultured-meat--revolution-or-hype--/47892954



There is a consensus about the technical problems to solve

Current limitations across four domains are:

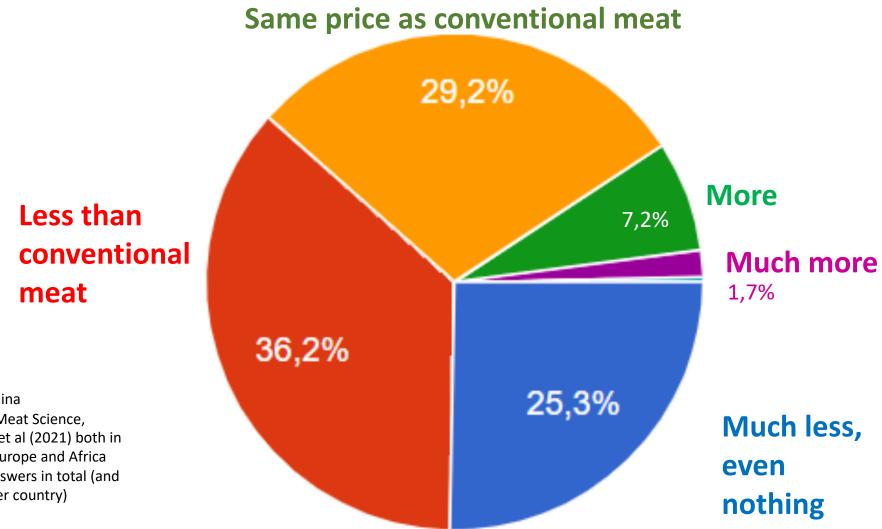
- cell line development,
- cell culture media (fetal bovine serum),
- scaffolding, and
- bioreactors.

Chen et al. (2022). Biomaterials 280, 121274

The great challenge is to efficiently produce cell-based food products at scale, this needs new concepts and bioprocesses that did not exist before



Consumers don't want to pay more for cell-based food



Results in France, Brazil, China Hocquette et al. (2022) in Meat Science, Chriki et al. (2021) and Liu et al (2021) both in Foods. Plus data in South Europe and Africa Total: more than 15,000 answers in total (and more than 4,000 answer per country)

Cell-based food safety research priorities (FAO)

Hazard identification based on 4 production phases

"If it isn't safe, it isn't food."

Cell selection

Cell sourcing, isolation, preparation and storage

- Transmission of zoonotic infectious diseases
- Microbial contamination
- Chemical residues & by-products

Production

Cell proliferation and differentiation

- Microbial contamination
- Chemical residues & by-products
- Biological residues & by-products

Harvesting

Cell/tissue harvesting

- Microbial contamination
- Chemical and biological residues & by-products
- Physico-chemical changes

Food processing and formulation

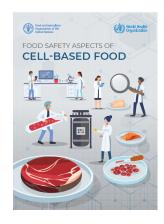
- Microbial contamination
- Chemical and biological residues & by-products
- **Processing** contaminants
- Physico-chemical changes

Carry-over of cryoprotectants (used for cell storage)

- Risk of (epi)genetic drift in cell lines due to constant sub-culturing
- Potentially allergenic scaffolds or microcarriers

Culture medium residues

None



Masami Takeuchi, PhD, Food Safety Officer, FAO, Sept 1st, Lyon FAO & WHO, 2023, Food safety aspects of cell-based food. Rome. https://doi.org/10.4060/cc48

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Hazard/Concern

Is cell-based food healthy?

Cell-based food currently differs significantly from meat in its technological, sensorial and nutritional properties": it has a pale colour due to the absence of myoglobin" and a low iron content (Fraeye et al., 2020, Frontiers in Nutrition 7:35 and Olenic M, Thorrez L. Cultured meat production: what we know, what we don't know and what we should know. Ital J Anim Sci 2023;22:749—53, http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/1828051X.2023.2242702).

Nutrition Profile	Soy base	Cultured chicken	Chicken breast
Energy (kcal 100 g ⁻¹)	157.0	137.0	106.0
Protein (g 100 g ⁻¹)	22.5	19.1	19.8
Fat by hydrolysis (g 100 g ⁻¹)	4.7	4.5	2.9
Saturated fat (g 100 g ⁻¹)	0.4	0.7	0.9
Cholesterol (mg 100 g ⁻¹)	0.0	56.9	89.8
Carbohydrates (g 100 g ⁻¹)	1.0	0.8	0.1
Sodium (mg 100 g ⁻¹)	399.0	346.2	157.0
Ash for minerals (g 100 g ⁻¹)	1.0	0.9	1.2

Cell-based food has been analysed once

- Same protein content,
- The vitamins, minerals and amino acid profile are comparable.
- Lower in saturated fat and cholesterol
- But higher in sodium

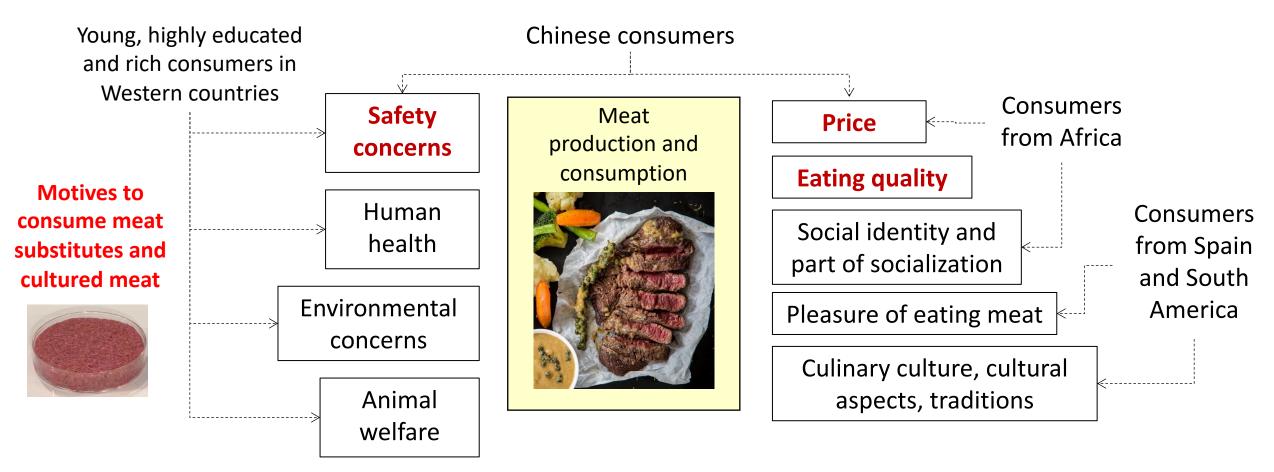
Status of regulation worldwide (EU, USA)

If no genetic modification is involved, the approval by the European Commission on the advice of the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) under **Novel Foods Regulation** is required before "cultured meat" can be marketed in Europe.

The purpose of this regulation is to ensure that novel foods are safe to eat, and this has not been fully demonstrated at this stage for all cultivated food products [Chriki et al. (2022). Animal Frontiers, 12, 35-42]

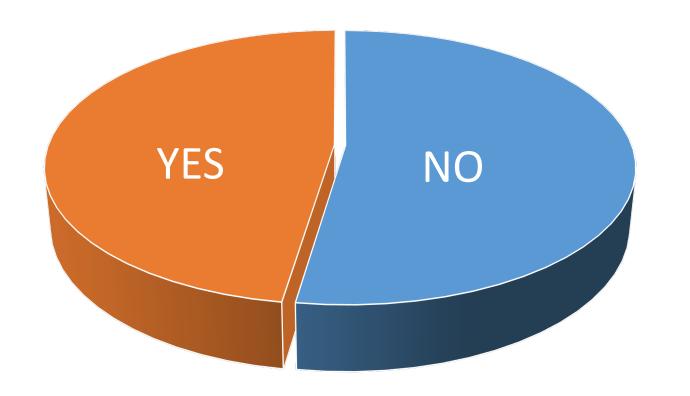
In addition to Singapore, early 2023, the USDA granted approval for Upside Foods and Good Meat to sell their lab-grown cell-cultivated chicken products in the United States.

Motives and barriers of consumption of meat and meat substitutes



Interaction with affective factors, personal compromise between barriers and motives, meat origin, livestock systems, etc.

Is it really meat according to consumers?

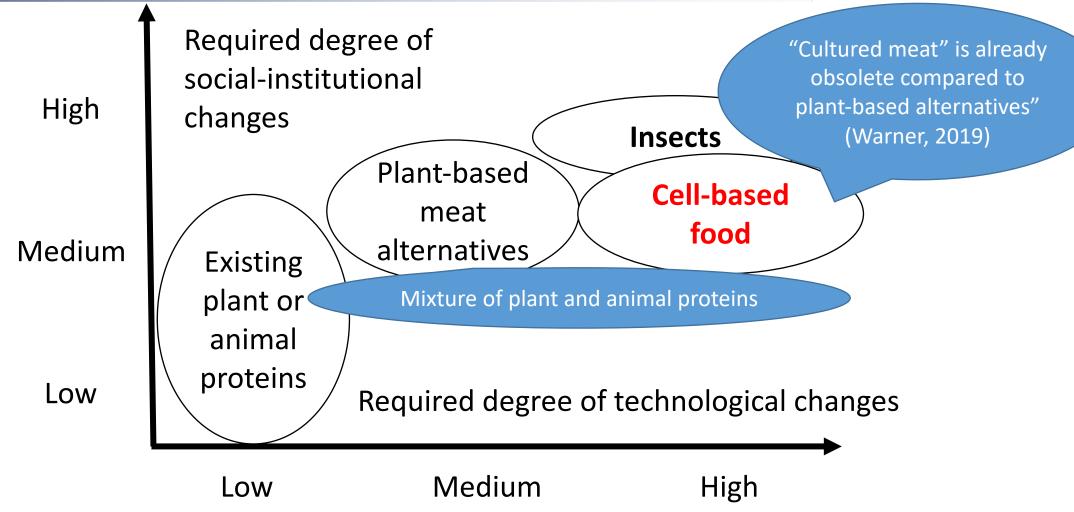


Average of more than 10,000 answers from Brazil (Chriki et al., 2021. Foods, 10,11, 2588 https://doi.org/10.3390/foods10112588),

European and American countries (unpublished results)

<u>Reminder</u>: the product should be properly labelled, so as not to mislead consumers (EU regulation)

The required degree of changes is a driver of food acceptance



Van der Weele C, Feindt P, Jan van der Goot A, van Mierlo B, van Boekel M. Trends Food Sci Technol. (2019). 88:505–12. Warner (2019). Animal, 13, 12, 3041-3058. https://doi.org/10.1017/S1751731119001897

Environmental impacts are not known

Overview of the main gaps identified in each study related to environmental impacts of Cell-based food

	Tuomisto and Teixeira de Mattos (2011)	Tuomisto et al. (2014)	Smetana et al. (2015)	Mattick et al. (2015)
Cell collection	_	_	_	_
Growth factors production	_	_	_	_
Scaffold production	_	_	_	+
Bioreactor's production	+	+	+	+
Cleaning bioreactor	_	_	_	+
Culture media recycling	_	_	_	_
Scaffold removal/recovery	_	_	_	_
Wastewater treatment	_	_	_	_

Rodríguez Escobar et al. (2021). Foods 2021, 10, 2941. https://doi.org/10.3390/foods10122941

Cell-based food production is energy-intensive

(Sinke et al., 2023. The International Journal of Life Cycle Assessment volume 28, pages 234–254 https://doi.org/10.1007/s11367-022-02128-8)

"Cultured meat" cannot contribute to a sustainable diet

Nutrition (Health)

No available data or only a few available data

Sustainable food

(Socio-) Cultural

Weak to average potential acceptance



Environment

No available data on biodiversity and ecosystems

No consensus on global warming

(review from Mancini et Antonioli, 2022, Meat science, 193, 108942 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.meatsci.2022.108942)

(Socio-) Economic

Cost still high What's about incomes of farmers?